

# Annual Report 2024

Protect public health and the environment by cleaning water and recovering resources for our community.



## LOTT's Performance in 2024

Each year, LOTT compares our performance with 10 key performance objectives and 20 priority activities identified in the Strategic Plan. The plan spanned the 2019-2024 planning period and can be found in full at www.lottcleanwater.org. For 2024, LOTT met nearly all performance objectives and concluded this planning cycle.

Objective

#### Achieve permit compliance

LOTT met 100% of all the water quality permit requirements for wastewater treatment at the Budd Inlet Treatment Plant. These requirements include strict discharge limits April through October for nutrients (nitrogen) and biochemical oxygen demand.

**Permit compliance** 

Zero instances where limits were exceeded for total amount of pollutant discharged to Budd Inlet

LOTT is proud to report that there were no violations of these water quality permit requirements, which are measured two ways – average concentrations and total pounds discharged to Budd Inlet. LOTT also met all water quality permit requirements related to Class A reclaimed water production at the Budd Inlet Reclaimed Water Plant and the Martin Way Reclaimed Water Plant.

Most other treatment plants that discharge to Puget Sound do not have strict discharge limits for nutrients. For LOTT, the permit specifies a discharge loading limit of 338,000 pounds of total inorganic nitrogen

annually. In 2024, we measured a total of 145,448 pounds – only 43% of the annual load limit.

LOTT was recognized with a Silver Peak Performance award for the Martin Way Reclaimed Water Plant and Gold Peak Performance awards for the Budd Inlet Treatment Plant and Budd Inlet Reclaimed Water Plant from the National Association of Clean Water Agencies.



### **Permit Compliance**

| Budd Inlet Treatment Plant            |                          |                          |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Туре                                  | Discharge<br>Limits*     | Performance              |  |
| Biochemical<br>Oxygen Demand<br>(BOD) | 7 mg/L<br>671 lbs/day    | 3.91 mg/L<br>291 lbs/day |  |
| Total Suspended<br>Solids (TSS)       | 30 mg/L<br>5,265 lbs/day | 6.62 mg/L<br>486 lbs/day |  |
| Total Inorganic<br>Nitrogen (TIN)     | 3 mg/L<br>288 lbs/day    | 2.10 mg/L<br>158 lbs/day |  |
| Fecal Coliform<br>Bacteria            | 200/100 mL               | 6.75/100 mL              |  |

\* Average monthly discharge limits for summer season June-September

| Budd Inlet Reclaimed Water Plant |                     |                  |  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| Туре                             | Discharge<br>Limits | Performance      |  |
| Total Nitrate                    | 10 mg/L             | 3.77 mg/L        |  |
| Turbidity                        | 2-5 NTU             | 0.36-0.88 NTU    |  |
| Total Coliform<br>Bacteria       | < 23 MPN/<br>100 mL | 0 MPN/<br>100 mL |  |

#### Martin Way Reclaimed Water Plant

| Туре                         | Discharge<br>Limits | Performance        |  |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| Biochemical<br>Oxygen Demand | 20 mg/L             | 2 mg/L             |  |
| Total Suspended<br>Solids    | 30 mg/L             | 0.09 mg/L          |  |
| Total Nitrogen               | 10 mg/L             | 2.26 mg/L          |  |
| Turbidity                    | 0.2-0.5 NTU         | 0.025-0.19 NTU     |  |
| Total Coliform<br>Bacteria   | < 23 MPN/<br>100 mL | < 0 MPN/<br>100 mL |  |

| Abbreviation | Unit                         |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| mg/L         | milligrams per liter         |
| lbs/day      | pounds per day               |
| mL           | milliliter                   |
| NTU          | nephelometric turbidity unit |
| MPN          | most probable number         |

Objective

Combined

overflows

since 2009

Zero

sewer

### Avoid combined sewer overflows (CSOs) into Budd Inlet, with no more than one occurring annually

This objective was successfully met. CSOs refer to discharge of wastewater from LOTT's emergency Fiddlehead outfall due to overloading of the treatment system during major rain events. There were no CSOs in 2024, even during high flow events. Operations reported two significant high flow events in 2024. The event in November brought 1.26 inches of rain and a peak flow rate of 48 million gallons a day. December's high flow event brought 2.17 inches of rain and a peak flow rate of 55 million gallons a day. Operations staff followed high flow protocols and successfully managed both events.

| Volume of Wastewater Treated* |       |       |      |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Budd Inlet Treatment Plant    | 2022  | 2023  | 2024 |
| Daily Average Flow            | 12.30 | 11.77 | 12.2 |
| Minimum Monthly Average       | 9.51  | 9.48  | 9.8  |
| Maximum Monthly Average       | 18.64 | 15.18 | 16.5 |
| Peak Flow                     | 64.54 | 64.11 | 58.8 |

\* Million gallons per day

Sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) differ from CSOs; they are spills that occur in city collection systems occasionally throughout the year. Though these spills generally involve infrastructure that is not owned or managed by LOTT, reporting of SSOs is required under LOTT's discharge permit.

Objective

**Education** 

12,421

2,986

attendees

participants

program

Tours

### Engage the community proactively through public education, outreach and involvement efforts

LOTT connected with the public in a variety of ways in 2024. WET Center visitor numbers returned to pre-pandemic levels with an 8% increase from 2023, drawing over 9,000 walk-in visitors. LOTT's school program hosted 3,204 students as part of formal partnerships with our three local school districts - North Thurston Public Schools, Olympia School District and



In 2024, the Education program piloted a water resource career summer course in partnership with the Tumwater School District and City of Tumwater. The Water Resources Management Career and Technical Education course created an opportunity for high school students to spend five weeks exploring careers in wastewater, stormwater and drinking water management through hands-on learning.

# Objective

# Manage and utilize wastewater as a source of renewable resources

While the primary function of the Budd Inlet Treatment Plant is to treat and clean wastewater, it also recovers resources, including reclaimed water, biosolids and methane gas. Class B biosolids produced at the plant are trucked to eastern Washington for farmers to use as a soil amendment on fallow dryland wheat fields. The cogeneration system produces both heat energy and electricity from methane, helping to reduce energy costs at the treatment plant and support the neighboring Hands On Children's Museum.

In 2024, LOTT produced an average of 450,000 gallons of Class A reclaimed water each day. This reclaimed water was used for water features; irrigating parks, streetscapes and the Tumwater Valley Golf Course; and replenishing groundwater at LOTT's Hawks Prairie Recharge Basins and at the cities of Lacey and Olympia's Woodland Creek Groundwater Recharge Facility.

# Objective

**Formal process** 

utilized

# Utilize a formal process to evaluate, optimize, prioritize and fund infrastructure needs

With the completion of a multi-year planning effort, LOTT now has a long-range Capital Improvements Plan and a 2050 LOTT System Plan. These plans were developed based on a comprehensive assessment of processes and infrastructure and an evaluation of options to manage overall wastewater system capacity.



Reclaimed water produced OVER 1 million gallons

**Biosolids generated** 

wet tons

**Energy generated** 

over 2

hours

million kilowatt

# Objective

# Complete capital projects necessary to effectively and reliably sustain existing infrastructure, build new capacity and meet LOTT's mission

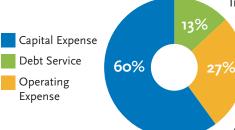
The Sludge Thickening System Improvements project was completed in 2024. This project rehabilitated the original dissolved air flotation thickeners with a new air entrainment system and replaced mechanical components inside all four tanks.

The Centrate Building Rehabilitation project is nearly complete. The tanks in this building were the original primary clarifiers that were constructed in the 1950s and converted to handle centrate in 2014. This project resurfaced the centrate tank and reconfigured equipment to allow the facility to be used for primary treatment during high flow events. It also replaced the HVAC system and roof, with the addition of solar panels that will generate 180,000 kWh annually, the equivalent of 490,463 electric car miles driven.

| Major Capital Projects                    |                  |  |  |
|---|------------------|--|--|
| Project                                   | Status           |  |  |
| Sludge Thickening System Improvements     | 100% Constructed |  |  |
| Centrate Building Rehabilitation          | 90% Constructed  |  |  |
| Substation and Switchgear A/B Replacement | 100% Designed    |  |  |
| Digester System Improvements: Phase 2     | 100% Designed    |  |  |
| Pumping and Emergency Power Improvements  | 10% Designed     |  |  |

The Digester System Improvements Phase 2 project design was completed, and a construction contract was awarded at the end of the year. This project will replace aged infrastructure and implement newer technology. The rehabilitated digester system is designed and will be able to meet capacity needs beyond our 2050 projections. Objective

# Manage utility finances in an economical, responsible, efficient and sustainable manner



Inflation returned to historic levels during 2024 for most items. However, insurance costs were still significantly higher than expected for the 2023-2024 biennium. We identified this issue early in 2023 and closely monitored the budget throughout 2023 and 2024. In an abundance of caution, the Board amended the operating budget to recognize the unexpected insurance increases and we implemented planned capital projects within budget. Due to the long-term nature of our rate planning and the six-year financial plan set by the Board, we were able to accommodate these unexpected costs.

LOTT

rates

monthly

Employee retention

voluntary

exits

Objective

## Achieve an annual state audit that is free of findings

LOTT's annual state audit was free of findings and has been since the utility became an independent entity in 2001. The Accountability Audit covered 2021 through 2023 and the Financial Statement Audit covered 2022 through 2023. 2022 marked our first year of reporting our financial statements using cash-basis accounting.

### Objective 9

Maintain an environment in which no more than 4% of staff voluntarily leave for similar work opportunities annually

LOTT's focus on innovation, professional development and employee wellness helps the organization remain a workplace of choice. We have maintained a very low employee turnover rate. This is in part due to our long-standing culture of excellence.

Objective

# Maintain a safe work environment, achieving a safety experience rating at or below the industry standard of 1.0

The Washington State Department of Labor and Industries experience rating defines the industry standard for safety. A utility's rating is calculated by comparing Workers' Compensation claims to the levels typical of our industry. LOTT's safety rating was 1.07 for 2024.

Workplace safety 1.07 experience rating

This elevated value was due to two incidents that involved time loss and also as a result of encouraging staff reporting of even minor safety incidents. We expect our experience rating to improve because of recent Safety Program enhancements. These include extensive safety trainings, completion of fall protection improvements, and safety procedure updates for the use of portable equipment in classified areas, confined space procedures and lockout/ tagout. We are proud to share that 100% of staff participated in our safety program, with 80% actively engaging in our additional voluntary incentive program.

## Work Plan Priorities 2019-2024

The 2019-2024 Strategic Plan includes an Internal Work Plan to guide organizational development, improve the way the utility does business and keep LOTT agile and prepared for the future. The work plan identified a list of actions related to six focus areas. The highest priority activities to be completed within the six-year planning period are included in the following table, along with a summary of their status. Additional information can be found in the 2019-2024 Strategic Plan at www.lottcleanwater.org.

### **Priority Activities**

### Status

#### **Emergency Preparedness**

| Establish a specific emergency response structure                         | one |
|---|-----|
| Assign staff to primary and back-up roles within the response structureDo | one |
| Develop response plans for a variety of emergency scenarios               | one |



#### **Knowledge Management**

| Complete succession planning for critical positionsDo                               | ne  |
|---|-----|
| Establish a strategic training program for apprenticeships and operator advancement | one |
| Complete organizational development work for the Control Systems work groupDo       | one |



#### Human Resources

| Complete a staffing and organizational assessment for the Operations |
|--|
| work groupDone   |
| Further develop LOTT's formal Human Resources programDone            |
| Continue to evaluate and optimize staffing resourcesDone             |

#### **Information Technology**

| Conduct a network assessment                                | Done |
|---|------|
| Conduct a system security assessment                        | Done |
| Complete an IT disaster recovery plan                       | Done |
| Complete an assessment of LOTT's current MAX control system | Done |
| Address priority needs identified in the system assessments | Done |

## **Priority Activities**



### **Capital Planning**

| Refine and update the new staffing model as a tool for projecting Capital<br>Improvements Plan related staffing requirements | Done |
|--|------|
| Harness MainSaver data to prioritize asset management of Capital Improvements<br>Plan projects                               |      |



### **Planning for Emerging Issues**

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## LOTT Board of Directors 2024



Carolyn Cox City of Lacey



Dani Madrone City of Olympia



Leatta Dahlhoff City of Tumwater



Tye Menser Thurston County

## **Your Wastewater Utility**

The LOTT Clean Water Alliance is a nonprofit corporation responsible for wastewater treatment in the urban areas of north Thurston County, Washington. L-O-T-T stands for the four government partners – the cities of Lacey, Olympia and Tumwater, and Thurston County – that formed and govern the regional utility.

In 2024, LOTT met nearly all our performance objectives for the year. Our dedicated staff worked hard to treat and clean the water you use every day and to plan for the future, ensuring we continue to protect water quality and public health for years to come.

139,848 people served

4.46 billion gallons of wastewater treated

163.25 million gallons of reclaimed water produced

### 91 staff members

3 treatment plants

23,275 laboratory tests

113 active contracts

5,593 work orders

157,826 therms recovered (biogas)

12,421 education program participants

## LOTT's Mission

To protect public health and the environment by cleaning water and recovering resources for our community.



500 Adams Street NE, Olympia, WA 98501 • www.lottcleanwater.org